## Punjab University B.Sc. Physics

## **Practicals Syllabus**

Practicals: (for two days)

(Time 4 hours each day):

Practical Paper 'A': Mechanics, Thermodynamics, Sound, Optics and Electricity or Magnetism

Time: (Four Hours);

List of Experiments for Practical Paper "A,,

## Properties of Matter:

- 1. Surface tension by capillary rise.
- 2. Study of compound pendulum and estimate of value of 'g'.
- 3. Blastic constants by spiral spring.
- 4. Modulus of rigidity by dynamic method and static method of Maxwell's Neodle.

#### Heat:

- 5. Therm-couple, Thermal e.m.f. and temperature diagram.
- 6. Determination of "J" Electrical Method (Callender and Barnes Method) with compensation for heat loss.

#### Sound:

- 7. Frequency of A.S. supply.
- 8. Velocity of sound by Kundt's tube..

### Optics:

- 9. Use of sextant and measurement of altitude with it.
- 10. Wavelengths of sodium D lines by Newton's Rings.
- 11. Wavelength of light by Fresrel's biprism.
- 12. Wavelength of light by diffraction grating
- 13. Measurement of the Rotation of the Plane of Polarisation.
- 14. Resolving power of diffraction grating.
- 15. Determination of the radius of Lycopodium Particles.

## Electricity and Magnetism:

- 16. Measurement of resistance using a neon flash bulb and condencer.
- 17. I-H Curve by Magnetometer.
- 18. Conversion of a Pointer Galva nometer into a voltmeter and an ammeter.
- 19. Calibration of a meter and voltmeter by potentiometer.
- 20. Low resistance by Carey Foster bridge.
- 21. Charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer taking into account Logarithmic decrement.
- 22. Comparison of capacities by ballistic galvanometer.
- 23. Determination of temperature coefficient of a resistance.
- 24. Measurement of magnetic field by fluxmeter or by search coil method.
- 25. Measurement of H by earth inductor.

# Practical Paper 'B': Electronics, Modern Physics, (Practicals) and Nuclear Physics (Time-Four Hours):

#### List of Experiments for Practical Paper "B",

- 1. Variation of photo-electric current with the intensity of light.
- 2. Measurement of Planck's constant using spectermeter.
- 3. Determination of e.m. of electron by deflection method.
- 4. Determination of ionization potential of mercury.
- 5. Acceptor circuit.
- 6. Rejector circuit.
- 7. Characteristic curves of a G.M. Counter.

- 8, Setting up half and full wave rectifiers and the study of the waveshape on oscilloscope. Effect of smoothing circuit on ripple voltage.
- 9. To set up a transistor as an oscillator and to measure its frequency by an oscilloscope.
- 10. Triode valve as a single stage voltage amplifier and measurement of its gain by an oscilloscope.
- 11. To draw the characteristics of a semi-conductor diode and compare it with that of a vacuum tube diod.
- 12. Setting up a single stage transistor amplifier and measurement of voltage gain.
- 13. Determination of range of Alpha particles.
- 14. Stopping power for alpha-particles in air equivalent of Mica, Ag, Cu and Al.
- 15. Absorption coefficient of Beta-particles, using and End-on-Geiger Counter.
- 16. To study the voltage current characteristics of an electric Discharge in gases at low pressures.
- 17. Production of vacuum and its rought measurement with a manometer.
- 18. Production of X-rays and the demonstration of their effect on a fluorescent screen.
- 19. To set up a High-Frequency Oscillator and measure its frequency, with a wave meter

Note: Minimum of 30 experiments should be performed, at least 10 from List of Experiments for Practical Paper "A" and 10 from List of Experiments for Practical Paper "B".